

Calculations for KS2 SATS Reasoning Papers, 2025

Paper 2

$$5350 - 100$$

$$7550 + 1000$$

$$£2 + 50p + 20p$$

$$50p + 50p + 50p + 20p + 20p$$

$$£2.70 - £1.90$$

Is 8 a factor of 24, 42, 78, 112

$$5,639,728 + 2000$$

$$35 \div 3$$

$$35 \div 4$$

$$331 + 295$$

$$860 - 626$$

$$600 \div 10$$

$$1 \times 100$$

$$4.3 \times 8$$

$$2.6 \times 2$$

$$3.1 \times 2$$

$$34.4 + 5.2 + 6.2$$

$\frac{1}{4}$ as a decimal

$$1.4 - 1.25$$

$$£6 \div 8$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\quad}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\quad}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\quad}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\quad}{15}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\quad}{21}$$

$$£780 \div 12$$

$$£27 + £16$$

$$£65 - £43$$

List all the prime numbers below 24

___ + ___ using 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23

$$3.56 \times 100$$

$$6.5 \times 10$$

$$356 - 65$$

$$2 \times 12 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$24 \div 3$$

Paper 3

15,961 rounded to the nearest 100

$$£3.28 \div 2$$

$$8 \times 25$$

$$2250 + 200$$

The following fractions as mixed numbers, with multiple choice options:

$$\frac{26}{4} \quad \frac{27}{5} \quad \frac{30}{4} \quad \frac{32}{5}$$

$$£2.50 + £1.15 + 80p$$

$$£20 - £4.45$$

7 – 16 (number line to support)

$$2400 \times 3$$

$$6.0 \div 4$$

$$1.5m + 20cm$$

$$8 + 4$$

$$9 + 4$$

$$10 + 4$$

$$5 + 4$$

$$6 + 4$$

$$7 + 4$$

$$250 \times 50$$

$$3000 \div 40$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 36$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 20$$

$$35 \times 48$$

$$1680 \div 56$$

$$5.65 \times 1000$$

$$35.5 \div 100$$

$$22 \div 5$$

$$4.4 \times 3$$

$$4 \times 4$$

Find multiples of 7 with the digit 8

$$115 \times 2$$

$$360 - 230$$

$$130 \times 2$$

$$360 - 260$$

$$100 \div 2$$